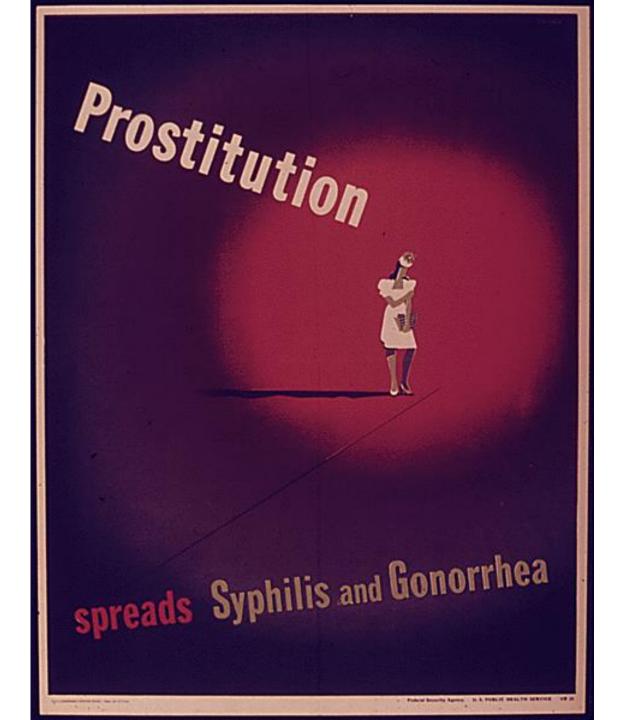






Patient-centric (Healthcare)

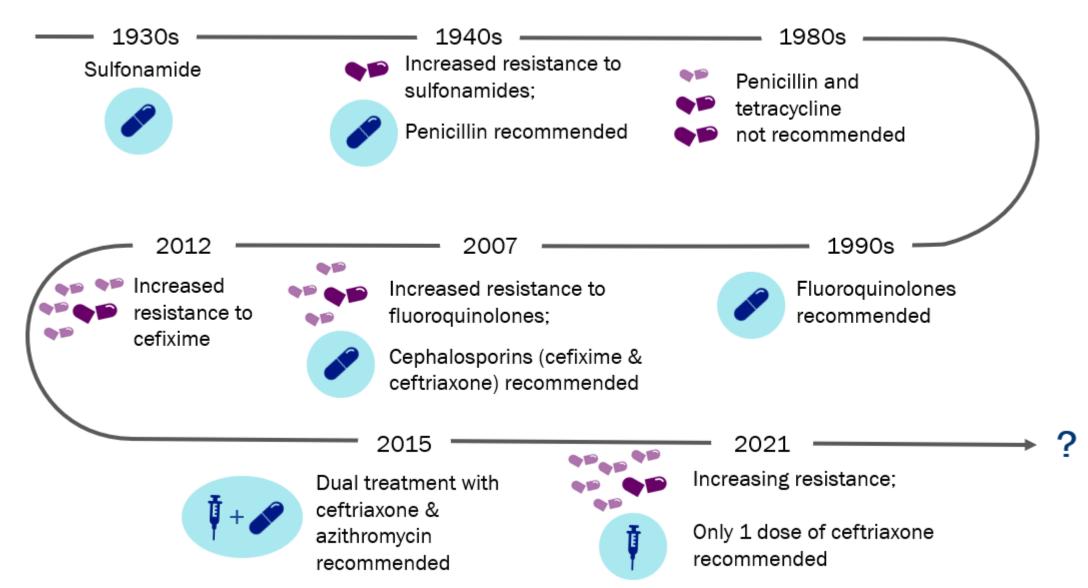
Population-centric (Public Health)



SYPHILIS AND GUNUKRHEA Can be Prevented and Cured YOU SUSPECT INFECTION GO TO A RELIABLE DOCTOR If you cannot afford a Physician Go to a clinic

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, NEW YORK

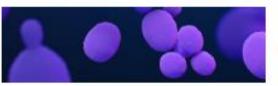
Gonorrhea learns quickly



Urgent Threats



CARBAPENEM-RESISTANT
ACINETOBACTER



CANDIDA AURIS



CLOSTRIDIOIDES DIFFICILE



CARBAPENEM-RESISTANT ENTEROBACTERIACEAE



DRUG-RESISTANT
NEISSERIA GONORRHOEAE





550,000 Estimated

drug-resistant infections each year



1.14M Total new

lotal new infections each year



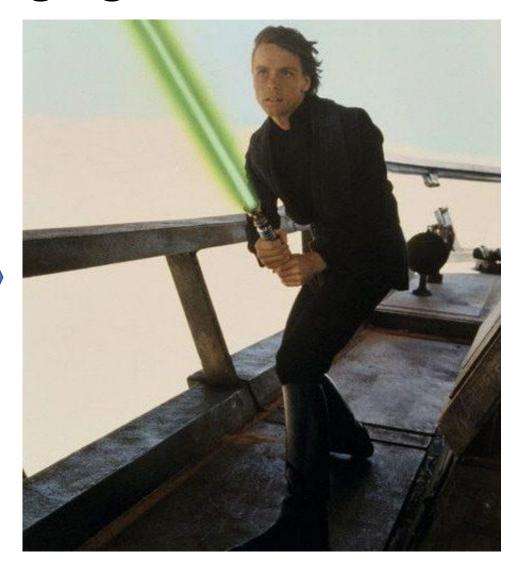
\$133.4M

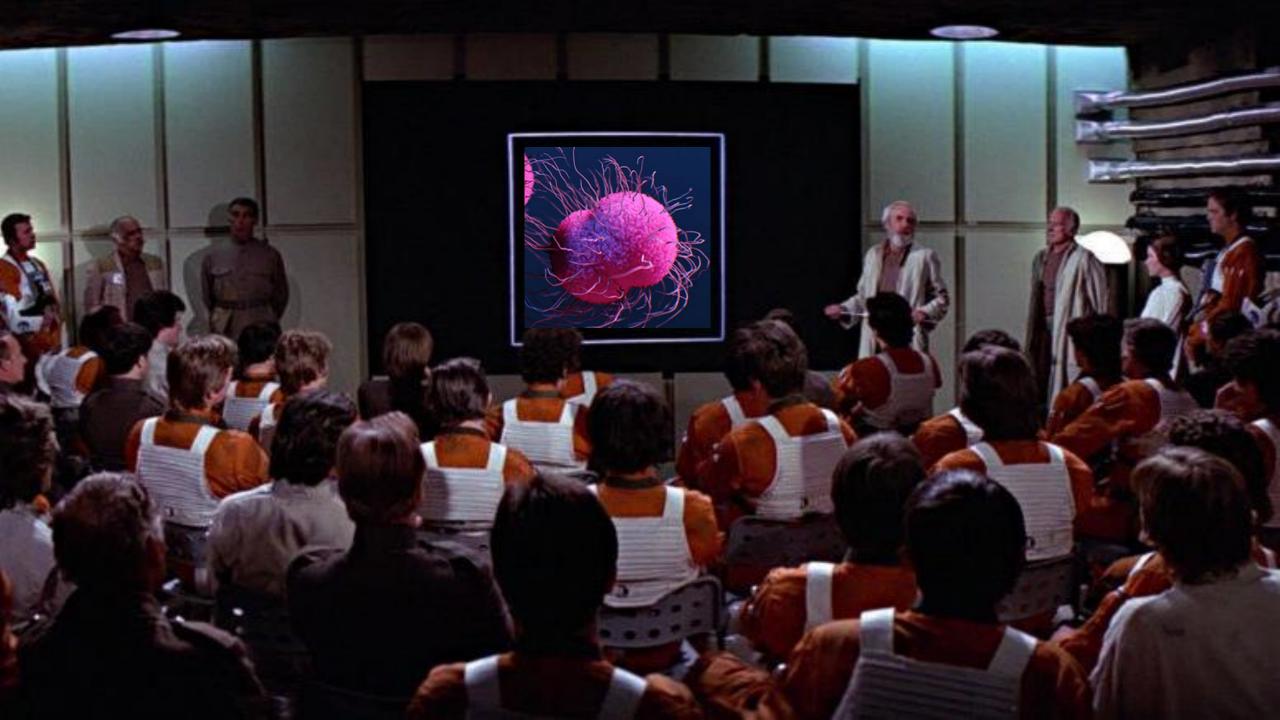
Annual discounted lifetime direct medical costs

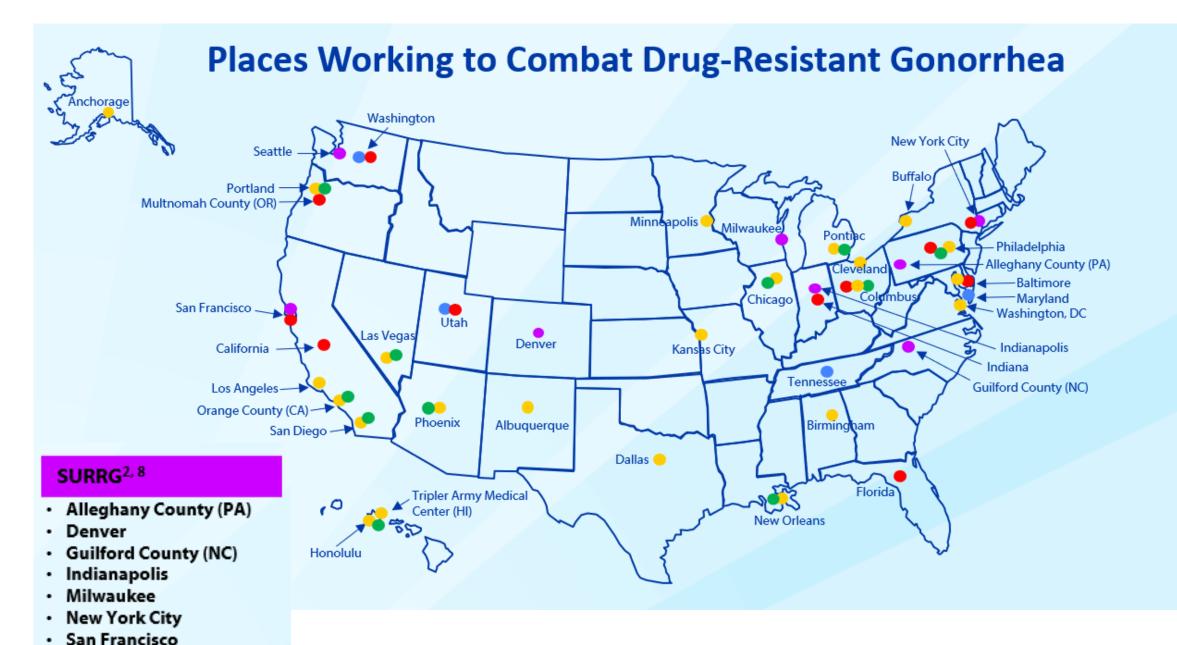
ARGC work is always changing!





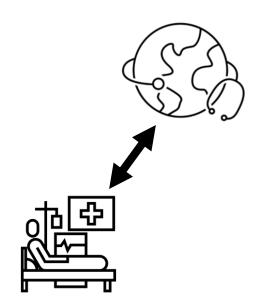


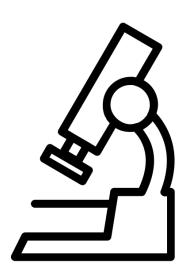




Seattle

SURRG goals



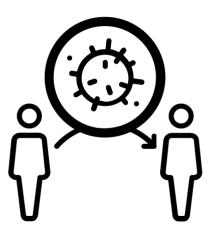


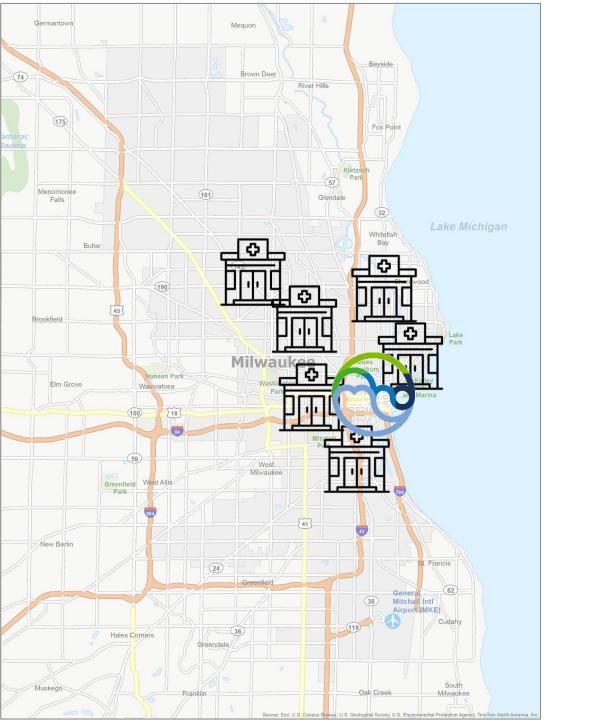


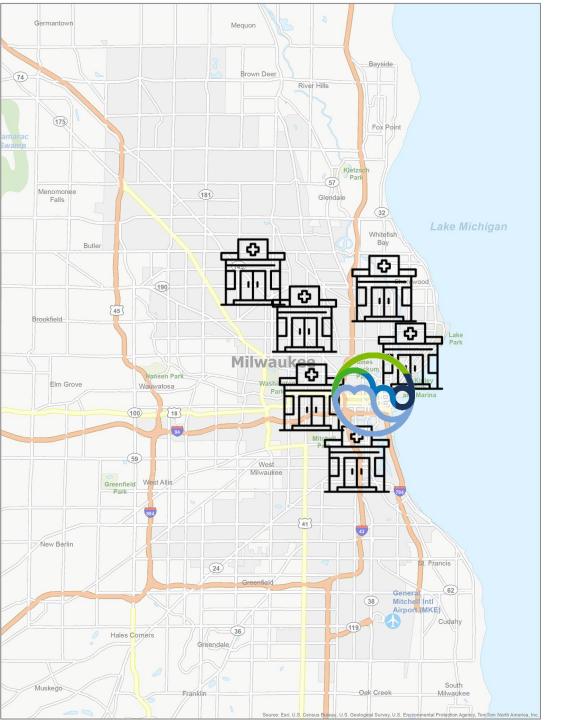
Antibiotic Resistant Gonorrhea Center of Excellence

Power in Community Partnerships— Together We Make a Difference in Wisconsin & Nationally!

Support Provided by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention SURRG Project





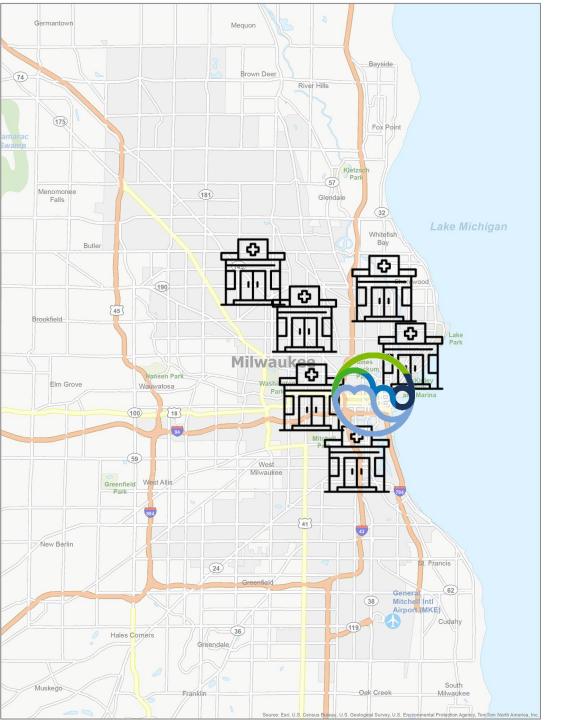


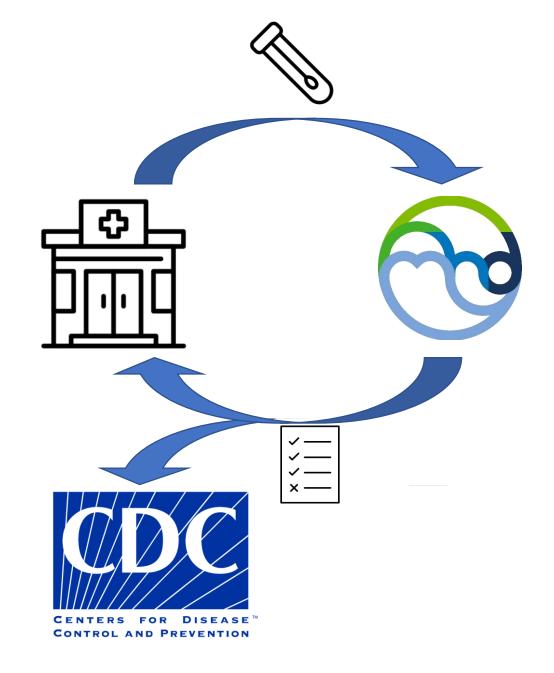












What we get from SURRG

> Sex Transm Dis. 2021 Dec 1;48(12S Suppl 2):S97-S103. doi: 10.1097/OLQ.000000000001545 Strengthening the US Response to Resistant Gonorrhea: An Overview of a Multisite Program to Enhance Local Response Capacity for Antibiotic-Resistant Neisseria gonorrhoeae > Sex Transm Dis. 2021 Dec 1;48(12S Suppl 2):S118-S123. doi: 10.1097/OLQ.0000000000001541. Demographic and Epidemiological Characteristics Associated With Reduced Antimicrobial Susceptibility to Neisseria gonorrhoeae in the United States Strangthoning the IIS Decourse to Decistant > Sex Transm Dis. 2021 Dec 1;48(12S Suppl 2):S151-S156. doi: 10.1097/OLQ.000000000001540. Impact of Anatomic Site, Specimen Collection Timing, and Patient Symptom Status on Neisseria > Sex Transm Dis. 2021 Dec 1;48(12S Suppl 2):S167-S173. doi: 10.1097/OLQ.000000000001539. Test of Cure Return Rate and Test Positivity, Jamie Strengthening the US Response to Resistant Gonorrhea, United States, 2018-2019 Karen Schlanger ¹, Kerry Mauk ¹, Emily R Learner ¹, Julia A Schillinger, Masayo Nishiyama ², Robert Kohn ³, Christina Thibault ⁴, Helen Hermus ⁵, Joey Dewater ⁶, Vonda Pabon ⁷, Jamie Black ⁸, Sancta St Cyr ¹, Cau R Pham ¹, Robert D Kirkcaldy ¹; SURRG Working Group

> Sex Transm Dis. 2021 Dec 1;48(12S Suppl 2):S161-S166. doi: 10.1097/OLQ.000000000001542. The Implementation of Strengthening the US Response to Resistant Gonorrhea in the Emergency Department Setting: Successes and Lessons Learned in 2 Jurisdictions > Sex Transm Dis. 2021 Dec 1;48(12S Suppl 2):S124-S130. doi: 10.1097/OLQ.0000000000001527. Justin Outcomes of Traditional and Enhanced Gonorrhea Partner Services in the Strengthening the US Response to Resistant Gonorrhea Project, 2017 to > Sex Transm Dis. 2021 Dec 1;48(12S Suppl 2):S131-S136. doi: 10.1097/OLQ.0000000000001520. Em Exploring and Comparing the Structure of Sexual Networks Affected by Neisseria gonorrhoeae Using Sexu; > Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2019 Mar 27;63(4):e02313-18. doi: 10.1128/AAC.02313-18. Print 2019 Apr. Data Emergence of Neisseria gonorrhoeae Strains Katy Town Harboring a Novel Combination of Azithromycin-Matthew **Attenuating Mutations** Karen E G Brian H R Karen Sch Cau D Pham ¹, Samera Sharpe ², Karen Schlanger ², Sancta St Cyr ², Justin Holderman ² ³, Richard Steece ⁴, Olusegun O Soge ⁵, Godfred Masinde ⁶, Janet Arno ⁷, Matthew Schmerer ², Ellen N Kersh 2; SURRG Working Group

SURRG provides timely data

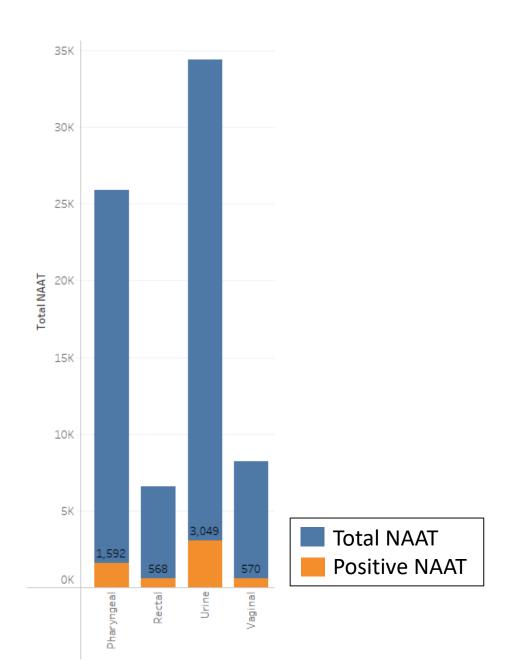
```
> Sex Transm Dis. 2021 Dec 1;48(12S Suppl 2):S97-S103. doi: 10.1097/OLQ.00000000001545.
```

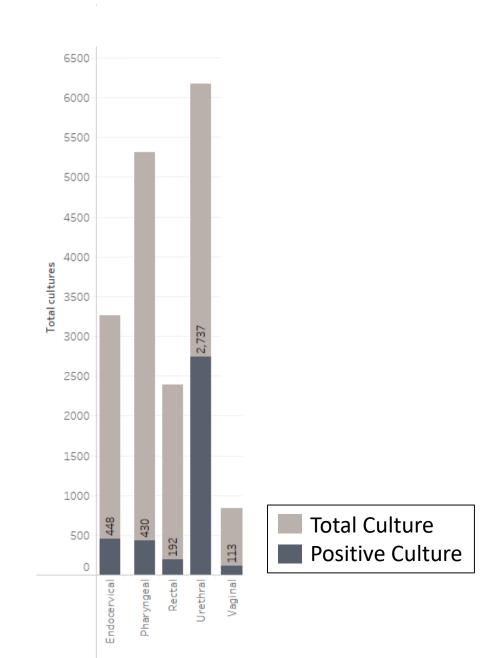
Strengthening the US Response to Resistant Gonorrhea: An Overview of a Multisite Program to Enhance Local Response Capacity for Antibiotic-Resistant Neisseria gonorrhoeae

```
Karen Schlanger <sup>1</sup>, Emily R Learner <sup>1</sup>, Cau D Pham <sup>1</sup>, Kerry Mauk <sup>1</sup>, Matthew Golden <sup>2</sup>, Karen A Wendel <sup>3</sup>, Lori Amsterdam <sup>4</sup>, Candice J McNeil, Kimberly Johnson <sup>5</sup>, Trang Quyen Nguyen <sup>6</sup>, Justin L Holderman, Gerald L Hasty <sup>7</sup>, Sancta B St Cyr <sup>1</sup>, Katy Town <sup>1</sup>, Evelyn E Nash <sup>1</sup>, Robert D Kirkcaldy <sup>1</sup>; SURRG Working Group
```

Presently, detection of resistance requires culture-based AST. Whereas susceptibility data from existing surveillance of long-term susceptibility trends (ie, GISP) has often been available 1 to 3 months after specimen collection, SURRG grantees rapidly processed culture specimens and performed and reported AST by Etest locally within a median of 5 days from specimen collection. Local laboratories developed proficiency and workflows to allow for rapid testing. Participating jurisdictions were therefore able to initiate investigations and ensure infections that may represent emerging resistance were cured, thus reducing risks of adverse complications and potentially containing the continued transmission of such strains in a community.

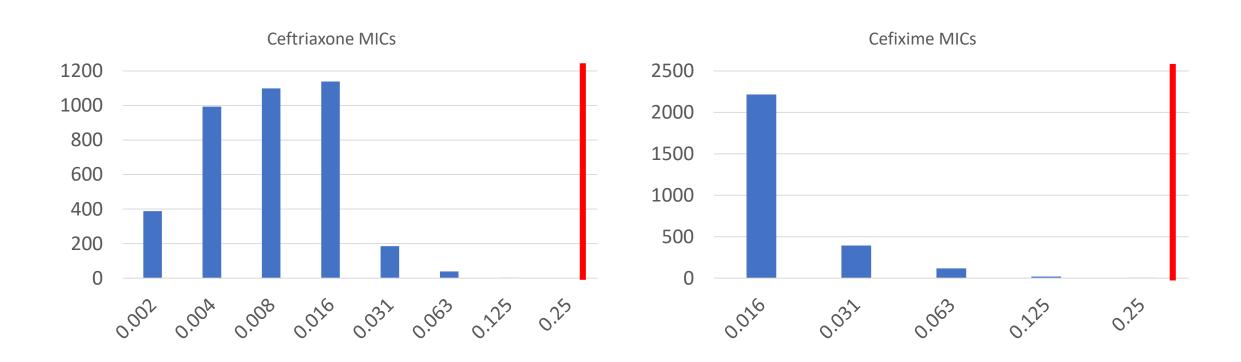
Culture Positivity by Source





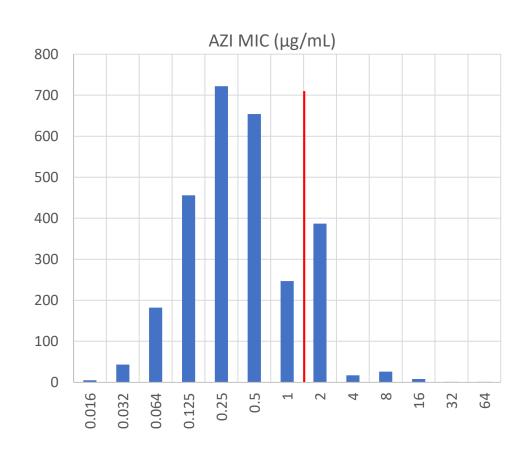


No decreased susceptibility to Ceftriaxone or Cefixime

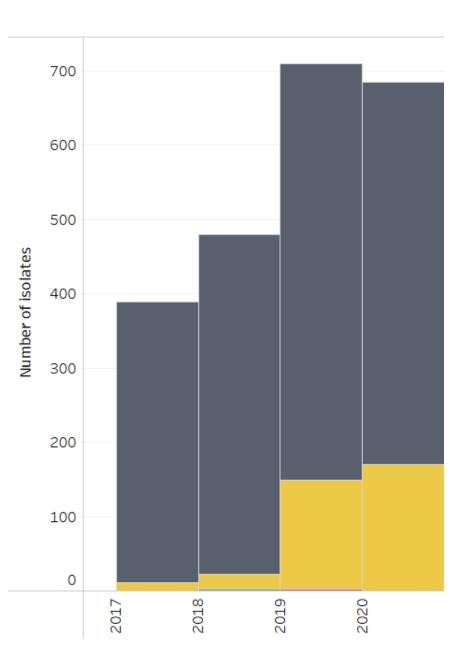


≤0.25 µg/ml = Susceptible

Decreased susceptibility to Azithromycin!



≤1 µg/ml = Susceptible







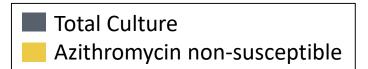
Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

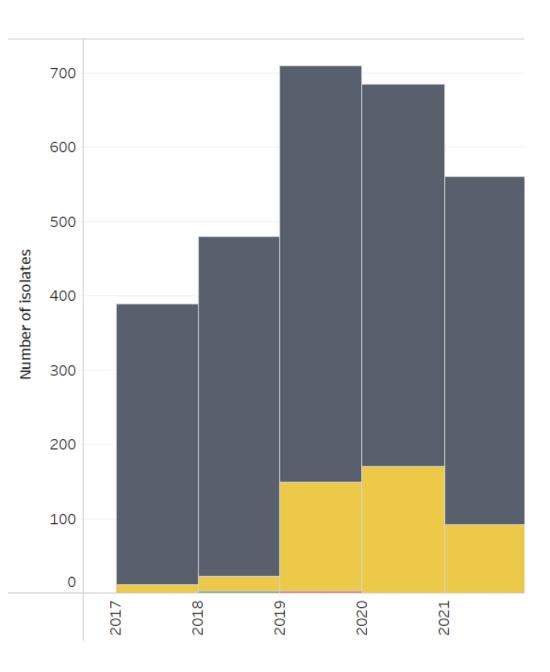
Update to CDC's Treatment Guidelines for Gonococcal Infection, 2020

Sancta St. Cyr, MD¹; Lindley Barbee, MD^{1,2}; Kimberly A. Workowski, MD^{1,3}; Laura H. Bachmann, MD¹; Cau Pham, PhD¹; Karen Schlanger, PhD¹; Elizabeth Torrone, PhD¹; Hillard Weinstock, MD¹; Ellen N. Kersh, PhD¹; Phoebe Thorpe, MD¹

Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) caused by the bacteria *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* (gonococcal infections) have increased 63% since 2014 and are a cause of sequelae including pelvic inflammatory disease, ectopic pregnancy, and infertility and can facilitate transmission of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (1,2). Effective treatment can prevent complications and transmission, but *N. gonorrhoeae's* ability to acquire antimicrobial resistance influences treatment can prevent commendations and complicates control

widely disseminated quinolone-resistant gonococcal strains in the United States, CDC no longer recommended fluoroquinolones for treatment, leaving cephalosporins as the only remaining recommended antimicrobial class (6). Availability of sensitive *C. trachomatis* nucleic acid amplification tests were widespread by 2010, but CDC recommended gonococcal dual therapy with a cephalosporin (ceftriaxone 250 mg IM or ceftriame 400 mg orally) and either azithromycin or doxy-









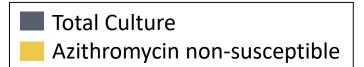
Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Update to CDC's Treatment Guidelines for Gonococcal Infection, 2020

Sancta St. Cyr, MD¹; Lindley Barbee, MD^{1,2}; Kimberly A. Workowski, MD^{1,3}; Laura H. Bachmann, MD¹; Cau Pham, PhD¹; Karen Schlanger, PhD¹; Elizabeth Torrone, PhD¹; Hillard Weinstock, MD¹; Ellen N. Kersh, PhD¹; Phoebe Thorpe, MD¹

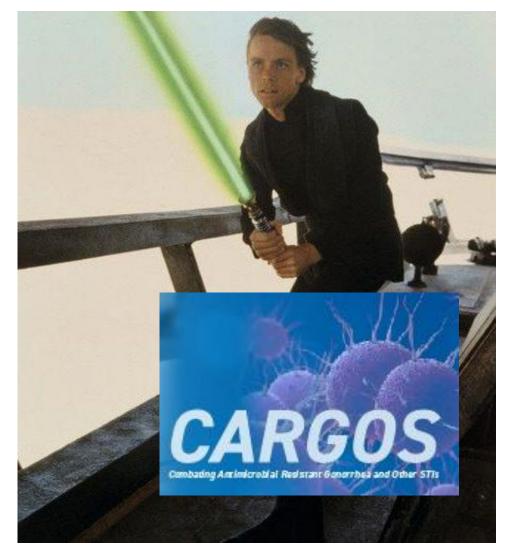
Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) caused by the bacteria *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* (gonococcal infections) have increased 63% since 2014 and are a cause of sequelae including pelvic inflammatory disease, ectopic pregnancy, and infertility and can facilitate transmission of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (1,2). Effective treatment can prevent complications and transmission, but *N. gonorrhoeae's* ability to acquire antimicrobial resistance influences treatment can be a ballot of the complication of the complex control of the complex control of the complex control of the complex control of the control of the

widely disseminated quinolone-resistant gonococcal strains in the United States, CDC no longer recommended fluoroquinolones for treatment, leaving cephalosporins as the only remaining recommended antimicrobial class (6). Availability of sensitive *C. trachomatis* nucleic acid amplification tests were widespread by 2010, but CDC recommended gonococcal dual therapy with a cephalosporin (ceftriaxone 250 mg IM or cefixime 400 mg orally) and either azithromycin or doxy-









Combatting Antibiotic Resistant Gonorrhea and Other STIs: Focus Areas







Clinical

- Partner with community clinics for specimen collection
- Currently focusing on pharyngeal & urethral specimen

Laboratory

- MHDL as Center of Excellence
- Perform AST on specimen, share with ARLN & CDC

Data

 Clinical, laboratory, and demographic data analyzed and shared with CDC

Meet the CARGOS Sites

Alabama (Jefferson County/Birmingham)

Maricopa County/Phoenix

California (Orange, San Diego, San Francisco counties)

Los Angeles County

Colorado (Denver County)

Hawaii (Honolulu)

Chicago (IL)

Indiana (Marion County/Indianapolis)

Massachusetts (Boston)

Michigan (Oakland County/Pontiac)

Minnesota (Minneapolis)

Missouri (Kansas City)

Nevada (Clark County/Las Vegas)

New York City

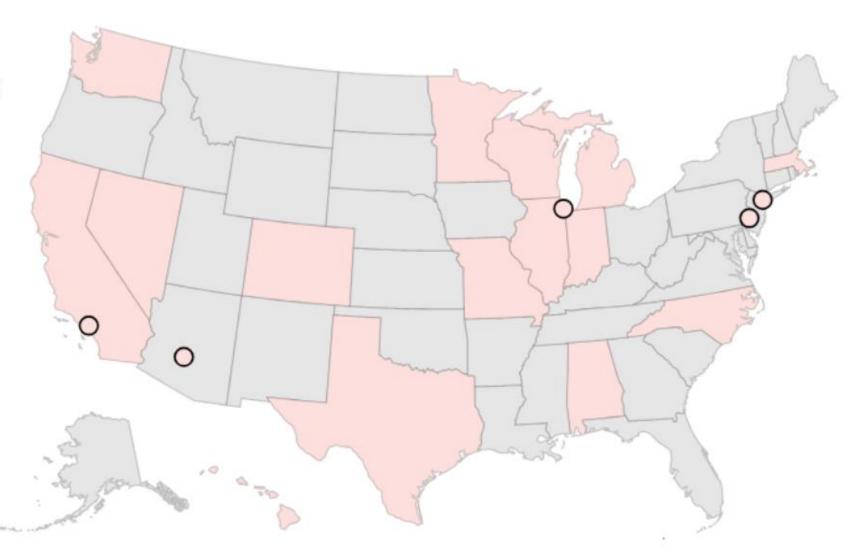
North Carolina (Guilford County/Greensboro)

Philadelphia

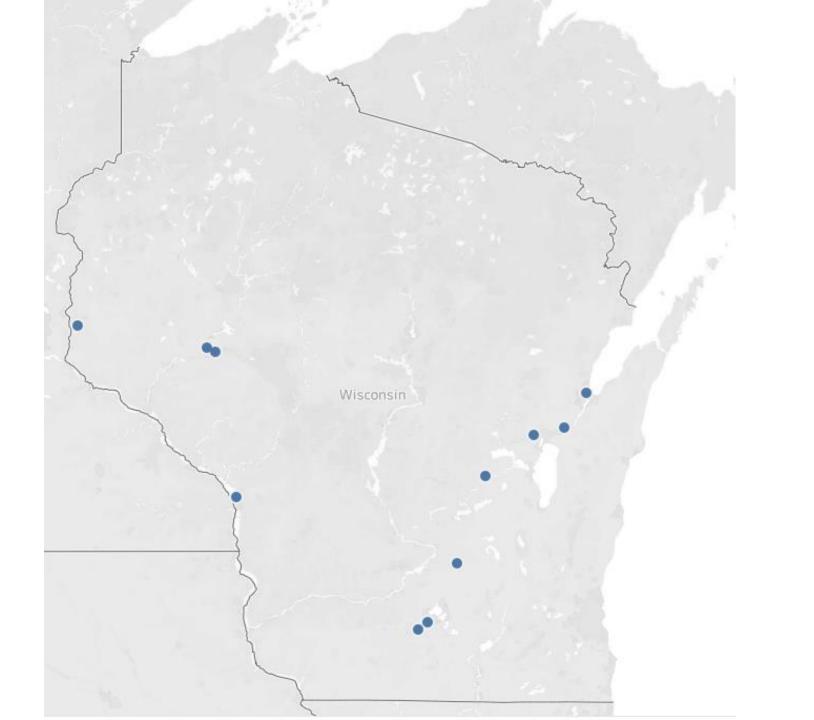
Texas (Dallas)

Washington (King County/Seattle)

Wisconsin (Milwaukee County)







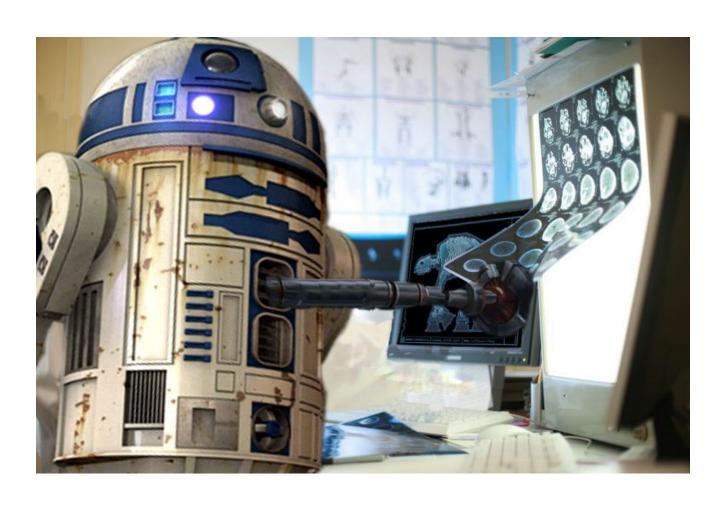


Complete survey

Send specimens

Coming soon: DHS survey!

- DHS is assembling a list of laboratories with capacity for culturing GC
- Please provide your contact info at the QR code
- CARGOS will connect with you in mid-October.



Help the WI CARGOS Team!





Sign up for the CARGOS GC culture capability survey!



Complete survey

Send specimens



1 West Wilson Street PO Box 2659 Madison WI 53701-2659

Telephone: 608-267-9003 Fax: 608-261-4976 TTY: 888-701-1253

Date: August 15, 2023 BCD 2023-02

To: Wisconsin Clinicians, Infection Preventionists, Tribal Health Centers, and Local Health

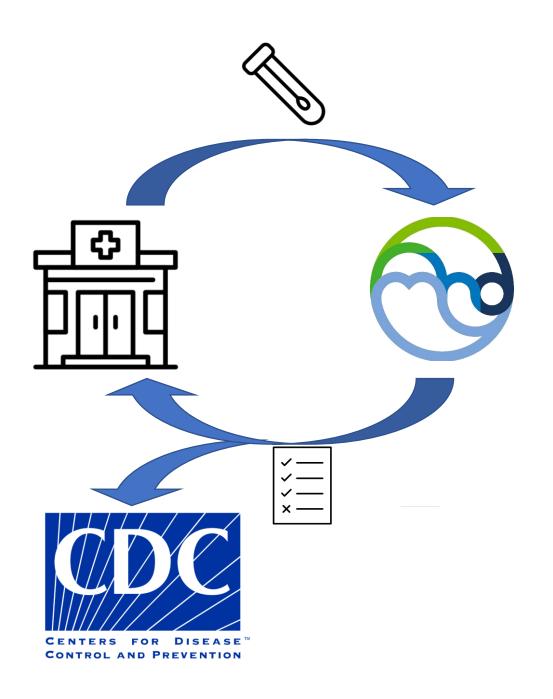
Departments, HERC Directors, Coroners/Medical Examiners

From: Ryan Westergaard, MD, Ph.D., Chief Medical Officer and State Epidemiologist for

Communicable Disease

Clinical and Laboratory Guidance for Suspected Treatment Failure Among Patients Treated for Gonorrhea Infection

Given the emergent threat of antibiotic-resistant *N. gonorrhoeae*, clinicians and those providing STI screening services are advised to monitor for cases of suspected treatment failure, an indication of reduced susceptibility to antibiotic treatment. Through funding from the CDC, DHS is now able to offer access to testing services for Cephalosporin AST at no charge for clinicians and local or Tribal health departments throughout Wisconsin. The Milwaukee Health Department Laboratory (MHDL) serves as a Center of Excellence Reference Laboratory, providing management of AST for suspect cases of antibiotic-resistant *N. gonorrhoeae*. The following sections outline recommendations for responding to cases of suspected treatment failure, along with guidance on requesting AST from MHDL.



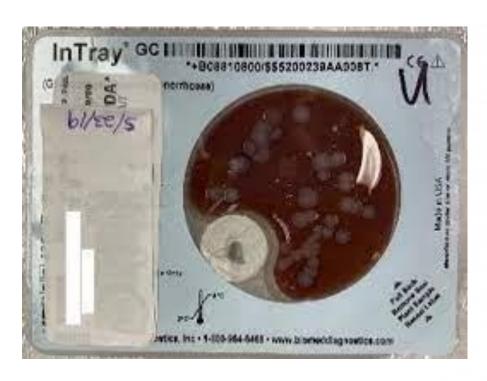
Persistent
Symptoms 3-5
days following
treatment

Positive test of cure results

Laboratory results
suggesting
reduced
susceptibility to
cephalosporins

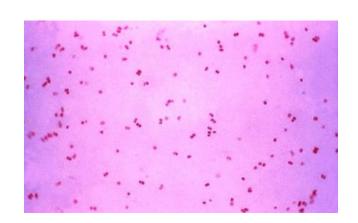
What to send to MHDL







MHDL Identifies GC



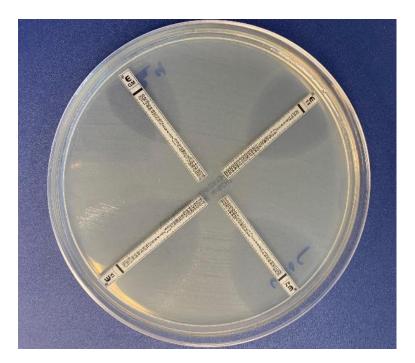








MHDL Performs AST





Drug	MIC
Cipro	0.004
Gent	4
Cefixime	0.016
Ceftriaxone	0.002













Antibiotic Resistant Gonorrhea Center of Excellence

Power in Community Partnerships— Together We Make a Difference in Wisconsin & Nationally!

Support Provided by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention SURRG Project



Help the WI CARGOS Team!





Sign up for the CARGOS GC culture capability survey!

Suspected Treatment Failure Resources

- MHDL will ship as necessary: specimen collection kit, a requisition form, and a cold pack with dry ice for shipment
- MHDL's courier will be used
- Providers or LTHDs will **not** be charged for these services
- MHDL will fax results back to requestor
- DHS will provide guidance on next steps

Help the WI CARGOS Team!

- Through CARGOS, WI DHS aims to organize a list of laboratories throughout the state with capacity for culturing of gonococcal specimen and conducting AST on such samples.
- To assist with this effort, please provide your name, organization, and email address. The CARGOS program manager will connect with these contacts in mid-October. Respondents will be asked to either respond to a brief survey or to forward it to the most pertinent staff at their organization.
- This may be done through the following link or QR Code:
 - https://www.signupanywhere.com/signup/ukiv70rp